

PORTSMOUTH LOCAL AND TELEGRAPH CONTINUED—BERKLEY NEWS.

THE HURST ASSAULT CASE.

Decides the Nolan Case He Is Charged With Intent to Kill Mr. M. J. Mulvey.

Yesterday morning Mr. Wm. Hurst was present in the Police Court to answer the charge of assaulting Mr. W. T. Nolan the night previous.

The case was not called for trial however, as Dr. Hindervald was put on the stand to testify to the condition of Mr. Nolan, which was to the effect that Mr. Nolan's condition was not such as would warrant his presence in court at this time.

Dr. Hindervald said that at the present he saw no reason for alarm, Mr. Nolan was probably suffering more from shock than from the seriousness of his injuries, which though painful by reason of the location of the wounds, were not in his judgment very serious, although he could not say with accuracy what might be the result; at any rate he thought it best that Mr. Nolan be kept in the most quiet condition for the present.

The Mayor then continued the case until the 10th of May, calling Mr. Hurst until that time in the sum of \$200.

MR. MULVEY'S CHARGES.

This case had just been settled for the present when Mr. M. J. Mulvey came into court and swore out a warrant against Mr. Hurst, charging him with assaulting him with intent to maim, disfigure, disable and kill him, the said M. J. Mulvey.

This case was also continued until the 10th instant, and Mr. Hurst bailed for his appearance, and additional hundred dollars being added to the bail bond.

Mr. Mulvey and Mr. Hurst bear evidence as being in rather a hard fought battle. Mr. Hurst having several good sized bumps on his head and a discolored eye, while Mr. Mulvey was quite painfully injured about the mouth.

Mr. Hurst was represented by Mr. Chas. T. Bland, and when the cases come to trial, Messrs Mulvey and Nolan will be represented by counsel.

OBSEQUIES OF MRS. WEBBER.

The funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Mary Eliza Webber were conducted by Rev. R. F. Beadles, pastor of Central M. E. Church, yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock from the residence, corner of South and Dinwiddie streets. They were followed to her last resting place in Elmwood Cemetery, Norfolk, by a large number of loving friends.

The following were pall-bearers: Wm. A. Davis, James Potter, Joseph F. Weaver, C. S. Sherwood, John S. Crawford, Harvey Lane, William Lawrence and Oscar Dashiels.

MUSICAL AND LITERARY.

To-morrow night at the residence of Mrs. Irene T. Etheridge, No. 1006 Washington street, at 8:15 p. m., the entertainment postponed from April 12th, will be given. All who hold tickets of that date are entitled to admission. A small admission fee will be charged others who attend. Following is the program:

Piano duet, Mrs. Etheridge and Miss Peeler. Readings by Mrs. Ellen Morelin McGinnis, of Norfolk; Miss Nellie Schaefer and Mr. Wm. H. Martin. Singing, Mrs. Wm. H. Martin. Ice-cream sold after the musical.

Our Specialties.

3 lb. Bartlett Pears, 10c. per can. California Apples, 6c. per pound. Sweet Chop Pickle, 3c. per pound. Celery Sauce, 10c. per pound. If you want a good cup of Coffee try our Special Blend at 25c. per pound. Fresh Vermont Creamery Butter, only 5c. per pound. We have a lot of fine old Virginia Hams, 2c. per pound. Get one quick or they will all be gone. If you can't drink coffee get a box of Postum Cereal, which makes a delightful drink. You can get it at any time of us.

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REAL ESTATE, RENTS AND INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LEND.

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STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

A general meeting of the stockholders of the RIVERSIDE LAND COMPANY will be held at the office of Judge Edward Spaulding, No. 265 Main street, Norfolk, Va., on (TUESDAY, May 22d, 1900), at 1 o'clock p. m.

ALVAH H. MARTIN, Secretary.

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Is to see to it that her children begin early in life to shampoo their hair with the best possible hair dressing. In each instance, after the hair is thoroughly dry, some mild, health-giving tonic should be applied to the scalp to aid nature in causing the hair to grow thick and uniformly colored, lustrous, healthy hair—the most important feature in the make-up of beautiful women and handsome men. For more than fifteen years, the

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has stood at the apex of all shampoo washes, while the "HAIR GROWER" has been equally successful in its efforts to return the injured scalp and almost lifeless hair to their original healthfulness.

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THE U. S. SENATE.

The Upper House of Congress Deals With Various Matters.

The Army Appropriation and Reorganization Bills—Defense of Trusts—Military Telegraph and Cable Lines For Alaska Proposed.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

Washington, May 1.—After having been under consideration more than two months, the Alaskan civil code bill was passed by the Senate to-day. The amendment relating to the alien location of mining claims has delayed the passage of the measure for several weeks, and at times has engendered a deal of feeling in debate. Mr. Carter therefore to-day withdrew the amendment and all other points in dispute, and a few minutes later the bill was passed. It provides a full civil code of procedure for the District of Alaska.

During the greater part of the session the army appropriation bill, carrying supplies for the military establishment of more than \$114,000,000 was under consideration. The feature of the discussion of the measure was a debate on trusts precipitated by an amendment offered by Mr. Berry (Dem. of Arkansas), providing that the Quartermaster's Department should not purchase supplies from any recognized trust. The amendment was defeated. The bill had not been completed when the Senate adjourned.

A resolution offered by Mr. Tillman (South Carolina) calling upon the Secretary of the Navy for information as to the tests made at Indian Head of Krupp armor was agreed to soon after the Senate convened to-day.

THE ALASKAN BILL.

When the Alaskan bill was laid before the Senate Mr. Carter, in charge of the measure, conceded that further effort at adoption of various pending amendments relating to location of mining claims would result in the bill's defeat. In view of the most elaborate and remarkable preparations for developing that country and urgent necessity for enacting civil laws for Alaska, he asked unanimous consent that sections 72 and 73 of the bill and all amendments thereto, including his own amendment be withdrawn.

After some colloquy, the request was granted. The bill was then reported to the Senate, and after the other amendments had been agreed to was passed.

ARMY REORGANIZATION.

The army reorganization bill was then called up, but soon laid aside for the army appropriation bill. The latter, as reported to the Senate, carries \$114,951,590.

The reading of the bill for amendment was begun. Mr. Stewart offered an amendment providing that nothing in what is known as the Foraker amendment to the army appropriation bill of 1899, prohibiting the granting of franchises or concessions in Cuba, should "be construed to apply to the landing in Cuba of submarine cables from the United States, or as authorizing the military authorities to obstruct or prevent the landing of such cables."

Mr. Foraker believed the matter ought to go over for the mature consideration, as this was the first legislation proposed for Cuba since the Spanish war, and it should not be considered hastily.

DEBATE CUT OFF.

Debate was cut off by Mr. Platt, of Connecticut, who made the point of order against the amendment that it was general legislation. The Chair sustained the point of order.

PARAGRAPH INSERTED.

A committee amendment was offered by Mr. Hawley, striking out the last paragraph of the bill and inserting the following:

"That the act approved January 12, 1899, granting extra pay to officers and enlisted men of the United States Volunteers shall extend to all officers and enlisted men of the volunteer army of the United States during the war with Spain, and have been honorably discharged prior to January 12, 1899, with their organizations without furlough, or by reason of their services being no longer required, or any time by reason of wounds received or disability contracted in the service, and in the line of duty, and who have not received the extra pay granted in said act or subsequent acts of Congress supplemental thereto."

The amendment was agreed to.

ANOTHER AMENDMENT.

Mr. Berry offered the following amendment, which precipitated a debate upon the question of trusts:

"The Quartermaster's Department, in making contracts and purchases of articles and supplies for the military service shall give preference, all other things, including prices and quality being equal, to articles of the growth, production and manufacture of the United States, and as between producers, manufacturers, merchants and dealers of the United States, preference shall be given, all other things, including prices and quality, being equal, to those produce manufacturers, merchants and dealers who are not members of or in any way connected with any trust or combine formed to

produce, manufacture or sell the articles which are being contracted for and purchased by the Quartermaster's Department for the military service."

TRUSTS DEFENDED.

Mr. Sewall, of New Jersey, designated the Standard Oil Company and the American Sugar Refining Company as two combinations of capital which had cheapened their products to the people.

This "Populist sentiment" about trusts, he said, was the adoption of the small ways of the past of transacting business, and it was not in any respect based upon good sense.

Mr. Berry said it was well understood that the object of such combinations was to raise prices.

Mr. Hawley opposed the amendment as officers would have to accept lowest bids.

Mr. Stewart took the ground that it had thus far been impossible to frame such legislation as would be effective against trusts. The proposed amendment was one of a comedy of errors in the way of efforts along this line.

Mr. Teller thought trusts should be dealt with by the state, but many legislatures unfortunately were controlled by the trusts themselves. National legislation of a kind that could or would be enforced was therefore desirable.

AMENDMENT DEFEATED.

The amendment offered by Mr. Berry was defeated 15 to 29 as follows: Yeas—Bacon, Berry, Butler, Clay, Davis, Harris, Hildreth, Jones, of Ark., Kenney, McEnery, Money, Pettigrew, Pettus, Tallafierro, Teller, Turner, Wellington.—15.

Nays—Aldrich, Bard, Carter, Chandler, Elkins, Fairbanks, Foraker, Frye, Gallinger, Hawley, Hear, Jones, of Nevada, Keen, Lodge, McBridge, McComas, Perkins, Perkins, Platt, of Conn., Proctor, Ross, Scott, Sewall, Shoup, Simon, Stewart, Warren, Wetmore, Wolcott.—29.

An amendment offered by Mr. Foraker extending to contract surgeons the provisions of the act enabling volunteer soldiers to draw one month's extra pay if they served in the army during the Spanish war within this country, and two months pay if they served in Cuba, Porto Rico, or the Philippines, was adopted.

ALASKAN CABLE.

Mr. Lodge offered the following amendment:

"For the purpose of establishing military telegraph and cable lines in Alaska, \$450,550. Provided further, that no telegraph or cable lines owned wholly or in part or operated or controlled by persons not citizens of the United States, or by an foreign corporation shall be established in or permitted to enter Alaska."

Mr. Lodge's amendment was agreed to.

Without completing the bill the Senate at 5:15 adjourned.

THE Nicaragua Canal.

This comparatively small strip of water, when built, will prove the link between prosperity and many people. The farmers in the western East, as well as those in the extreme West, who have heretofore been kept poor by the exorbitant freight rates, will perhaps profit by it most of all. It will prove a blessing to humanity in general, and the condition of the nation, as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has that of the individual. The Bitters are for everybody, but particularly for those who are in poor health. There have been many cases of constipation and indigestion cured by this medicine when cure seemed impossible. Nothing to equal it in remedy has ever been discovered for ailments of the stomach, liver, bowels and kidneys. You will find that it will quickly cleanse the blood and sharpen the appetite. See that a Private Revenue Stamp covers the neck of the bottle.

MICHIGAN DEMOCRACY.

INSTRUCTS DELEGATES TO SUPPORT MR. BRYAN.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

Port Huron, Mich., May 1.—The first State political convention of the year in Michigan was held here to-day, when the Democratic representatives from 77 National convention and adopted concise resolutions embodying their views on the political issues of the times.

Three of the four delegates at large were elected unanimously, but a large three-cornered fight ensued over election of the fourth developed enough acrimony to quite offset for the time being the harmony which had prevailed up to that point. Following are the delegates at large: Daniel J. Campau, of Detroit; Thomas E. Parkworth, of Jackson; Wellington R. Burt, of Saginaw; Rush Culver, of Marquette.

In addition to his own unanimous election as first delegate at large, State Chairman Campau won an easy victory in the selection of the other candidates in the State which he had favored.

The platform adopted reaffirms the Chicago platform and instructs delegates to cast the vote of the State for William J. Bryan for President and heartily approves of the nomination of Charles A. Towne, of Minnesota, for Vice-President as eminently fitted to serve as "a joint standard bearer with our great leader in the coming campaign."

The platform condemns the Republican state administration as "corrupt and scandalous," favors the initiative and referendum to prevent injurious legislation, opposes greenbacks, reduction of military and a large standing army; favors a federal income tax and popular election of United States Senators and extends sympathy to the South African Republics in their "gallant fight for life, liberty and home." It condemns the action of the Republican majority in Congress and of President McKinley "in refusing to be bound by the constitution in the government of Porto Rico and of the other islands recently acquired from Spain; and in putting the United States in the attitude of having the most despotic and tyrannical colonial policy of modern nations." The platform continues:

"We denounce the whole Republican scheme of imperial presidential dependencies, not only as unconstitutional but as extremely impolitic and unwise, and unworthy of liberty-loving Americans."

"We believe this policy has been dictated to and forced upon the Administration of President McKinley by the mercenary combinations known as trusts. The trust is supreme in political as in industrial activities. In both it is an unmitigated public evil. We reiterate our delegates to the National Convention to urge upon that body the selection of the most practical and effective of the many plans for curtailing the powers of the trusts, and to pledge the party to specific legislation upon the lines adopted."

"We still endorse the movement for the historic union of gold and silver as primary money metals."

CIVIL GOVERNOR OF PORTO RICO.

Charles Herbert Allen Inaugurated With Impressive Ceremonies.

HIS INAUGURAL ADDRESS.

He Assures the Inhabitants of the "Ever Faithful Island" of the Congratulations and Good Wishes of the United States.

Appointments Made by the Retiring Governor—Pardon For All Concerned in the Guayama Election Frauds.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

San Juan de Porto Rico, May 1.—The inauguration of Charles Herbert Allen, formerly Assistant Secretary of the United States Navy, as first American Civil Governor of the island of Porto Rico, took place to-day. The ceremony was most impressive.

INAUGURAL ADDRESS.

Governor Allen made the following inaugural address:

At this impressive ceremony I bring to you—the inhabitants of the "ever faithful" island of Porto Rico—the congratulations and good wishes of the people of the United States.

Imposing as the occasion is in itself, and far-reaching as its effect may be upon the future of your beautiful island, it is especially significant because it marks the first step in the establishment here of civil government under the flag of the United States of America, and with the blessings and opportunities that go with it.

NEW PAGE IN HISTORY.

A new page has been turned in the volume of your history, and a new era inaugurated in the development of your island. Whether it shall turn out well or ill now depends largely upon yourselves. The greatest constitution makers can only lay the foundation. The building of the superstructure—whether or not it shall be stately, beautiful and enduring—must rest upon the industry and wisdom of the people themselves.

The governmental plan presented in act of Congress is only the foundation. To your care it is committed. No great work ever confronted a people than that of building their own fortunes. It will stimulate you also to bear in mind that a great nation of seventy millions of people across the water, yet close at hand in community of thought and interest, is watching your every effort, ready to help you and to assist you to help yourself.

Fellow-citizens of Porto Rico—for, as I have taken the oath of office here to-day, so from this time I become one of you in my endeavor to work with you and for you in all that tends to the true interests of the island—I bring this message from the President, and I place myself in full accord with it, that it is his intention to give to you, so far as all officers are concerned, whether selected from the United States, men of character and standing, who are enthusiastic and diligent and industrious—men of high sense of honor, who will not seek to advance their own fortunes at your expense, and who will not allow others to do so; men who will see that justice and straightforward honesty will be meted out to all, and who will have a sole regard for the welfare of Porto Rico and the honor of the American government in its relations to it.

If in working out the provisions of the act of Congress which enable you to participate in the government and to provide your own legislative assembly you are actuated by the same purpose to elect men who are devoted to the general interests of the island and the people of Porto Rico, we may confidently expect that, thus working all together, we shall make this island, so richly blessed by a Divine Providence in its wonderful natural resources, not only another gem of the Antilles in respect to natural beauty, but an example of what an industrious and honest people may accomplish when properly directed by a wise policy of civil government.

JUST TREATMENT.

I bring you also the assurance that every man, be he high or low, rich or poor, under the administration of this form of government and under the sovereignty of the United States, shall be justly treated, and that his rights shall be respected.

Henceforth we are under one flag. We are under the same institutions of freedom, equality and education. Together we move on in the great American current of advancing civilization. Loving our country, animated by a high sense of honor, devoted to a common humanity, we take our place before the world, and invoke on our progress the blessing of Almighty God.

APPOINTMENTS.

San Juan de Porto Rico, May 1.—Governor General Davis and Civil Governor Allen yesterday apparently appointed a message from Washington advising them of the passage by Congress of the resolution providing for holding over the army officials temporarily. None coming in the afternoon appointments were made by an executive council by Governor Davis before retiring from his office at midnight. Mr. Allen was thus enabled to continue the conduct of affairs uninterrupted. He did not make public the names of the council but it is understood that Judge Pettigill will be secretary of state; Mr. Olin, attorney general; Dr. Cole, V. T. Torrey, secretary of the interior and G. C. Croft, secretary of education. The latter who is an acting surgeon with the rank of lieutenant, will resign his commission.

PARDONS GRANTED.

General Davis, presumably on orders from Washington, yesterday pardoned all those who were concerned in the Guayama election frauds, lifting the cases from the Supreme Court.

BERKLEY NEWS AND ADVERTISEMENTS

NAMED A TICKET.

Berkley Democrats Nominate Councilmen and Commitmen.

Adopt Resolution Favoring Constitution 1

Convention And The Submission Of The Constitution To A Vote Of The People—

Death Of Mrs. Harriet P. Tatem.

A large gathering of citizens assembled at French's Hall, on Elizabeth street, last night, in response to a call issued by the Democratic voters, for the purpose of considering the advisability of nominating a Council ticket. The meeting was called to order by Mr. H. A. Mason, who, after stating the object of the meeting, called for an election of chairman. This resulted in the election of Mr. L. B. Allen.

Mr. C. W. Rockefeller made a motion to nominate Councilmen from each ward.

Messrs. McK. Woodhouse, C. W. Rockefeller, John Morgan and George D. Parker each spoke in favor of a Council ticket being put in the field. The motion was carried by an overwhelming majority.

A resolution was adopted favoring a Constitutional Convention, and submitting it to the vote of the people.

The work of nominating a Council ticket was then gone into, and resulted as follows:

First Ward—L. B. Allen, G. V. Dashiell, H. M. Mason and R. B. Scott.

Executive Committee: Messrs. J. S. Etheridge, W. L. Moore and William Toppling.

Second Ward—Councilmen: Messrs. William H. Kirby, John Whiststone, C. W. Rockefeller and R. Lee Hardy.

Executive Committee: Messrs. James T. Tatem, B. B. Bott and L. E. Woodsend.

Third Ward—Councilmen: Messrs. J. H. Cockey, John Chubb and D. W. Chory.

Executive Committee: Messrs. L. W. Hozler, Frank McCoy and R. J. Marshall. The meeting adjourned subject to call of the chairman.

MRS. TATEM'S DEATH.

Mrs. Harriet P. Tatem, a well-known and highly esteemed lady of the city died Monday night about 10 o'clock at the home of her son-in-law, Mr. John M. Berkeley, on Chestnut street.

Her death was unexpected and a shock to her friends as she had not been sick a moment previous. Mrs. Tatem was the widow of the late Dr. F. W. Tatem, and a consistent member of St. Thomas Episcopal Church and known and loved by many. She was 67 years of age and leaves a daughter, Mrs. J. M. Berkeley and son, Mr. Frank W. Tatem, and three sisters, Misses Lizzie and Annie Plummer, of Petersburg, and two brothers, Messrs. W. L. Plummer, of Petersburg, and Edward Plummer, of Knoxville, Tenn. The funeral will be conducted at the residence on Chestnut street Thursday. The hour and place of burial will be announced later.

The funeral of the late Mr. W. A. Furcron, who died at his home, at Great Bridge, in the county, Monday morning, will be conducted from the Episcopal Church at Kempsville at 2 o'clock this afternoon, after which his remains will be interred in the church yard burying ground at Kempsville.

The members of Main Street Christian Church are requested to attend the revival service this evening, as business

my2-1ds

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